BURNED TO DEATH.

HUMAN BEINGS AND WILD ANIMALS.

A Western Steamboat In Plames-A Circux Troups and Menagerie on Board-Great Less of Life-Dotalls of the Catastrophs-Scenes and Incidents.

MEMPHIS, TENN., March 30.—The steamer Golden City, of the Southern Transportation Company's line, when approaching the wharf this morning at half-past four o'clock was discovered to be on fire. The discovery was made by Second En-gineer Albert Relly, who immediately notified Captain Bryce Purcell, st., the pilot on watch. The boat's bow was at once headed for the shore, and in four minutes afterward she touched the wharf at the foot of Beale street, where the coal fleet is moored. A line was hastily thrown and made fast to one of the coal barges, but the cur-rent being swift it soon parted, and the burning ateamer floated on down the river a mass o flames, with many of her passengers and crew on board, who were unable to reach the above and were lost. The Golden City left New Orleans last Saturday evening en route to Cincinnati. She car-ried a crew of about sixty. She had on board forty cabin passengers, fifteen of whom were ladies, and there were nine children. Her cargo consisted of 300 tons, among which was a lot of jute. The fire is said to have originated in this combustible material. Among those

ENOWN TO HAVE BEEN LOST are Dr. Monahan and wife, of Jackson, Ohio; Mrs. Crary, of Cincinnati; Miss Lulu Crary, of Cincin-nati; W. H. Stowe, wife, and two children; Ollie Wood and wife, of Henderson, Ky.; Mrs. Anna Smith. of Massachusetts; Miss Campbell, Mrs. Helen Perceval, Mrs. L. E. Kountz, and three children. The books of the steamer were lost, so it is impossible to get a complete list of the lost and saved. All the officers of the steamer except Second Engineer Robert Kelley escaped. After he gave the alarm of fire he remained at his post of duty until cut off by the flames, the fire having spread with lightning rapidity, and thus he sacri-ficed his life to save others.

THE SAVED, SO PAR AS RNOWN, ARE Captain S. C. McIntyre, First Clerk W. F. Mc-Intyre, Second Clerk James Worthile, Third Clerk Frank Stern, Mate "Doc" Bondurant, Pilots Bryce Purcell, sr., Marion Purcell, Joseph Purcell, jr., Frst Engineer Mike Kelly, Miss Iona Maston. of Hainesville, Ky.; Willie McKinley, of Hainesville, Ky.; James Myers, of New Orleans; Charles Rose, Jr.; E. C. Underwood, of St. Louis; H. B. Howell, of Philadelphia; Robert E. Ellbrick, treasurer of Stowe's Circus; John E. Tcewalla, business agent; Burt Stowe, brother of the pro-prietor; Frank Stowe, James Swift, John Filbert, John Mullane, J. C. Kimpel, John G. Gienroy, James Bloomfield, James Burk, these last all mem-bers of Stowe's Circus: W. C. Jewett, of Point Pleasant, W. Va.; George W. Green, of New Richmond, Ohio; O. B. Veatch, of Evansville: John R. H. Chittenden, of Carrisville, Ky.; W. H. Carruthers, J. B. Jordan, of Ripley, Tonn. Nearly all the cabin and deck crew of the steamer saved

at Vidalia, La., and six eages of animals and birds, together with the ticket and band wagons, tents, and horses were lost. Marion Purcell, one of the pilots, was in the clerk's office when the of the pilots, was in the clerk's office when the alarm was first sounded, and he rushed through the cabin, bursting in state-room doors and awakening passengers. So rapidly did the fiames apread that within five minutes after the discovery of the fire, which broke out amidships, the after part of the steamer was all ablaze. Those who were saved had to fice in their night-clothes. When the burning steamer touched the wharf the fire communicated to the coal barges and the tug Ortole, which were also burned. As nearly as can be ascertained

THERE WERE TWENTY-THREE LADIES ON BOARD THERE WERE TWENTY-THREE LADIES ON BOARD the ill-faied steamer, but two of whom, so far as is known, were saved. J. H. Crank, connected with Slowe's Circus, is missing, supposed to be lost; John Derouse, his wife and three children were saved, and are at the city hospital; also, Sinton Black. Mr. Derouse is slightly burned on his hauds. The Golden City was five years old, and cost \$\$4,000. She was owned by Capitaln J. D. Hyler, W. F. McIntyre, and S. C. McIntyre. She lies sunk about three railes below here, in the chute, near the Termesse exhore. When she floated off from the wharf about twenty of her passengers jumped abound a barge, which floated down the stream, but they were rescued by one of the harbor bats, which towed the barge to the shore one mile below the city. It is estimated that

mess room tender; John Hill, second mate; Charles Harvey, second watchman, and? a passenger named Bloomfield were saved. The fire was caused by a watchman accidentally setting fire to a lot of jute, which was stored anidable. The steamer had just whistled to land and the watchman went among the deek passengers to notify them that they were approaching Memphis, and that those desined for that city must get ashore, when the bottom of his lamp dropped in some jute.

BIFORE THE PLAMES COULD BE EXTINGUISMED they had spread all over the deck of the vessel. Bryce Purcell, the pliot, made his secape by climbing over the front part of the pilot-house, the fire then being in the rear. When the steamer touched the wharf the tug Oriole did not burn, as at first reported, but was sunk by the burning steamer in making a lending. Several coal barges and an ice-boat belonging to Bohls, Huse & Co. caught on fire and were burned. Billy Hodge, pilot on the Dean Adams, saved the cook, who jumped overboard as the boat floated down the stream. All the passengers and crew were kindly cared for by Mr. C. B. Galloway, of the Peabody Hotel, who provided them with breakfast. Pat Haley and Mike O'Donnell, the two firemen who were on watch, say they saw the negro captain of the watch, named Wash, with his lamp in hand looking for some of the deck crew. It was from his lamp that the fire was communicated to the jute stored in the centre of the steamer, and which as quick as a flash spread to either sidy of the steamer and up to the cabin. Haley ran up stairs to notify the head engineer, but by the time be reached the hurricane-deck the flames had mounted almost to the pilot-house, and he was BEFORE THE FLAMES COULD BE EXTINGUISHED

DRIVEN BACK BY THE FIRE.

He then rang the alarm bell, and seeing the boat was approaching the shore ran down the forward stairs and jumped on board the tug Oriole just as the Golden Gate struck her. Seeing the tug was sinking he sprang aboard the steamer again and made his way to the coal barge lying alongside. Two negro deek hands and a white deck passenger were killed when the tug was struck, as they were caught between the bow of the boat and the side of the tug. Anna Boyd, the colored chambermaid, and her assistant were both lost. Mike Malloy and Pat Kinney, fremen, were saved, also M. J. Whelam, second baker. Whelan says he jumped overboard from the stern of the steamer as she floated down stream. There were about ten men on the fantail of the boat who must have been drowned, as, when he leaped into the river, he saw three men go overboard and drown, and the others, he thinks, must have shared the same fate. Felix Lehman, who was a passenger, says there was DRIVEN BACK BY THE FIRE.

A MEERY PARTY ABOARD,
and nearly all the passengers remained up until
midnight. They had one or two gentlemen aboard
who played the piane, and they entertained the
passengers with music and singing. He was
awakened by having his stateroom burst in, and
heard the cry of fire. Seizing his clothes, he
ran forward and reached the barge just in time,
as the next minute the vessel floated down the
stream. The body of an elderly white woman was
found floating near the wreck, but her identity
has not yet been proven.

STOWES CHECUS WAR EN HOUTE

has not yet been proven.

STOWES CIRCUS WAS EN HOUTE

to Cairo, where the spring season was to be opened.

A portion of the show is at Vietaburg. Will McIntyre, clerk of the boas, says the list of the lost
cablin passengers already furnished is correct as
nearly as he can remember. Mrs. L. R. Kountz and
her three children, who are lost, was the wife of
Captain Kountz, the well-known steambant owner.
Those mentioned as being at the hospital are all
injured by hurns, but not seriously. The passengers lost all their clothing. Those who were saved
had to fice for their lives without taking time to
save their effects. Abel Suiter, of Donaidsonville,
La., with his wire and child, escaped from the
burning stemer

A. B. Veatch, formerly a river reporter on the Evansville (Ind.) Tribuse, was on board. He remained long enough to dress himself before leaving his stateroom; J. H. Crank, owner of a side show to the circus, is supposed to be lost. His room mate, H. N. Ackerman, says he dragged him out of bed to the foot of the state; through the snoke, and is satisfied that he never arose from where he left him; J. G. Gienroy, one of the saved, resides in Priladeiphia. He has for two years been keeper of the animals in Stowe's menagerie. He sates that he was seleep under one of the animal cages on the forward part of the lower deck when the cry of fire was given. He leaved forth, looked about, but saw no fire; then he looked agestia and saw the entire centre of the boat a mass of finnes. As soon as the boat touched the coal fleet he jumped schore. He saw the officers of the steamer at work making the hawsers last; then he saw the lines give way and the steamer swing out and drift down. IN THEIR NIGHT-CLOTHES.

and the steamer swing out and drift down.

A CAGE CONTAINING A LION

sank down in the middle as the flames enveloped it. He heard no cry from any of the animals as they were being burned alive. The six cages equiained a lion a tiger, two leopards, an Albino deer, munkeys, and birds. Of four horses belonging to the circus aboard, the steamer, three ware saved, but one, the celebrated trick horse Sellin, was list.

Circus, was on the lower deck, and seeing Mr. A. Butler, of Donaldsonville, I.s., with

Circus, was on the lower deck, and seeing Mr. A. Builer, of Donaldonville, La., with

Mis wire and rough children.

On the boiler-deck, shouted to him to throw down his children. Mr. Builer tossed him two, which Mr. Trewells eaught and corried to a place of safety on a coul-barge. He then assisted Mrs. Builer, with her infant, down from the upper deck and helped her off the steamer, while Mr. Builer brought downstairs his remaining child. Willie McKinloy, a young man, aged seventien, years, gives a graphic description of the fire. He was in his stateroom when the first ery of fire was heard. He says it was not three minutes after when he saw the flames coming up through the floor of his stateroom. He ran back in the ladies' cabin, where his grandmother, Mrs. Percival, and his aunt. Miss lonia Makin, were. Bursting in their stateroom, he found them both standing up, and, telling them to come on, he grasped his aunt by the arm and led the way through the blinding smoke to the front part of the boat. They had not gone far when the Lames began bursting through the floor of the cabin. He kept pressing forward and finally reached the front deck of the stanner with his aunt. His grandmother was nowhere to be seen. She evidently had been sufficated by the blinding smoke. He half carried and dragged his aunt down the steps, and just in time to reach the coal barge, as the vessel was carried down stream by the current. An inquest is in progress. A diver will to morrow try to recover the bodies supposed to be in the wreck of the till fatted vessel.

THE JERSEY BRIBERY.

Examining All the Legislators-What Mr.

Cromer Says About It. TRENTON, N. J., March 30.—The committee ap-soluted to investigate the charges of bribery made by Assemblyman Shinn reassembled this moruing. Missrs. Adair, Baker, Bond, Caton, Clark Dunn, Durrel, Farrio, Piinn, Fritz, and Gaston. members of the assembly, each testified that no corrupt offers had been made to them. Mr. Fiedler, of Essex, testified that Colonel Barcelow asked him to vote for Senate bill No. 167, and mentioned \$1,000. Mr. Fiedler says that the offer was indignantly refused, and that on the day before he had also refused to vote for the bill. Mr. Goodwin, a member, testified that he had heard something about money being offered for votes, but note had been directly offered bim. Mr. Goodwin continued: "I said no amount of money could induce me to change my convictions on a bill when I made up my mind. I was told by Mr. Fisher that no doubt I could get a thousand deliars for my vote." Mr. Graves, a member, had heard repeatedly there was money being offered, but none had been offered to him. The committee called each member from the taily list, and put the question direct to each one, whether inducements had been offered, and they generally testified in the negative.

WHAT MR. CROMER SAYS.

The investigation was continued at night. John \$1,000. Mr. Fiedler says that the offer was indie-

had been offered, and they generally testified in the negative.

WHAT MR. CROMER SAYS.

The investigation was continued at night. John J. Cromer, who was charged with having made the attempt at bribery, was sworn: Reside in Cape May. Have been in Trenton eleven weeks. Am here in the interests of the oyster trade, and in an other. Know Mr. Shinn, and have come in condict with him. At the dinner table we were taking about natural oyster-beds, when Mr. Shinn said it was a d—d lie; there were no natural oyster-beds in Atlantic County, and I called him to account for this and told him I would hold him responsible for it. I was a witness in the United States Court against him. The testimony of Shinn was read to Mr. Cromer, and he said he never directly or indirectly, by sign or device, offered or gave him any money, or gave money to any other person for him for his vote on bill 197, and had no authority to do so. Never offered him money for any purposs whatever, nor never offered any money, or valuable thing to any other person to vote for that bill.

NEVER ASKED MR. SHINN

if it was all right, referring to the package said to have been left with Mr. Shinn. Never asked this question at the State Street House. I asked him one day if he received my note. I went to Philadelphia on Wednesday afternoon. (Here the winess detailed his trip to Philadelphia, and finally the questions in reference to this trip were described to be private matter, and at the request of Cromer's counsel were ruled out.) The examination was continued for some time in reference to the strip were described to be private matter, and at the request of Cromer's counsel were ruled out.) The examination was continued for some time in reference to the strip were described to be fine in which was directed by a Mr. Cadwalader, in the Supreme Court clerk's office. I have a man of the supreme Court clerk's office, the supreme Court clerk's office. His is the only note be sent to Mr. Shinn. The note was in regard to matters before the Legislature. He had aske

decided to increase the capital stock of the conany \$10,000,000, making the total stock \$15,000,000 and to give each stockholder the privilege of subcribing for the new stock on a basis of two additional shares for every share held by him on the day fixed by the directors for the closing of the transfer books. The board of directors were authorized to distribute such of the stock bonds of the company as may not be needed for the purpose of controlling its various railroad ines among its stockholders at such time as may be deemed judicious and not inconsistent with the interests of the company. The bill allowing the Richmond and Danville

Railroad Company to pay its indebtedness to the State in Riddleberger bonds was rejected in the house of delegates to night. A motion to recon-sider the vote by which the measure was rejected is still pending in that body.

Protesting Against Injustice.

New York, March 30.—An indignation meeting f colored citizens was held to night at the Bethel A. M. E. Church to protest against the action of the Jacksonville and Fernandina Railroad Company of Florida, in ejecting from one of its trains the Rt. Rev. D. A. Payne, senior bishop of the African M. E. Church, because he would not go into a second-class car labeled "for colored people." Bishop Payne has been for years president of Wilberforce University. Holding a first-class ticker, he was seated beside a white clergyman when he was ordered into the second-class car. On refusing to go the train was stopped, and although he was seventy-one vears of age and had twenty-nine pounds of age and had twenty-nine pounds of baggage, he was put off and had to walk back to Jacksonville, a distance of five miles. Among those present to night were Professor R. T. Greener, of Washington, Janues D. Rudolph, and others. Resolutions were passed protesting against the action of Florida, Georgia, and Louisiana roads in having separate cars for colored people, contributing \$50 to help pay the disbursements of a legal vindication of the Bishop's rights, and advising colored people to use force to maintain their rights and to appeal to the courts. The resolutions also state that twenty-seven years ago cars in this city were marked "colored," and that President Arthur had the custom abolished. They also advise the Bishop to lay his case before President Arthur and Attorney-General Brewster, and request that all violations of the civil rights bill in the Southern States be not president Arthur and altorney-General Brewster, and request that all violations of the civil rights bill in the Southern States Jacksonville and Fernandina Railroad Company

TELEGRAPHIC TWISTINGS.

The ship corporters at Portland, Me., struck for a salf a dollar more and got it. -The Democrats of Hartford, Conn., have nomi ated Chartes M. Joslyn for mayor.

-The International Sabbath Conference, at Pitts org. Pa., closed its sessions last night. -Mrs. Daniel Deshan, one of the first residents of Portland, Me., died last night aged one bundred and

dissed Oil Works, and an old and honored citizen, as caught in the machinery at the works and killed, —The Etephant Powder Mills at Hick's Ferry, Pa., blew up last night, slightly injuring the night wat man. The shock was felt in Wilker-Barre, a dista

-The Methodist Episcopal conference at its meeting in Newark, N. J. was presented by W. E. Griffiths with some original manuscript letters of John Wesley, Risbop Abbury, and Dr. Cooke.

-This morning Messra, Goss, Sawyer and Packard lannehed the ship William H. Starbuck, 1289 tons burden, and owned by William H. Starbuck, of New York, Captain John B. Clift, commander.

-Hartley William, Jindge of the Central District ourt of Woosler County, Mass., had a paralytic rocke white presiding at a meeting of natives of faine has night. He is in a very dangerous condi-

ure of Quebec, and it will be forwarded to Prince Ecopoid. The picture was painted at the request of the Marquit of Lorne, who intends it as a marriage present to Prince Leopoid.

they were being burned alive. The six cages contained a lieu, a tiger, two leopards, an Albino leer, munkeys, and birds. Of four horses belonging to the circus aboard the steamer, three were aved, but one, the celebrated trick borse Selim, rachest.

John H. Trewella, business agent of Stowe's

BOURBON BILE

The State Democratic Committee Issue an Address Belative to the Proposed Trial of Ballot-Box Stuffers-The Attorney-General's Letter Criticised.

FROM THE SOUTH CAROLINIANS.

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 30.-The State Demo

cratic Executive Committee, in session since yes-terday considering political matters generally and the election prosecutions now taking place in the United States court at Charleston, have sent out the following address to the Democratic party of outh Carolina: "After two years of profound peace, our people are again called to undergo the excitement of political trials instigated by Federal office-builders, who seek the restoration to power of the corrupt men who brought disgrace and well-nigh brought rula upon this State. At no time in the history of South Carolina has there con greater quiet and good order in all ranks of society. All classes of our people are devoting themselves to the task of repairing their lost fortunes and of building the waste places which were devastated through the war. The harmony and good-feeling which should exist between the two races which inhabit the State have increased and we are bestiming the State have increased, and we are beginning, with good reason, to look forward to a period of pres-perity and happiness hitherto unknown in our annals. During this time the course of the State have been open and all the machinery of govern-ment in full operation. The laws have been ad-ministered with justice and moderation. No com-

THE PULLEST PROTECTION which everywhere in this country is the preroga-tive of an American. In all the essentials which constitute good government South Carolina can to-day safely challenge comparison with any State in the Union. But despite the peace and quiet which have prevailed, despite the existence of a State government ready to punish disorder, repress crime, and protect its citizens, Federal officials have seen fit to drag our people from their homes and arraign them not only before Federal courts, but before the bar of public opin-ion. Not content with the services of skilled and learned counsel appointed

plaint has been heard that the humblest citizen

learned counsel appointed

TO EXECUTE PRICEAL LAWS

within this State the Attorney-General of the
United States has seen fit to employ counsel from
another State. The recent letter of AttorneyGeneral Browster to Mr. Sanders is an indictment of the Democratic party of South Carolina. To this indictment the Democratic party
must answer. Its chosen representatives, through
whose persons it is sought to perpetrate this outrage, must be defended with the force and all the
energy of the Democratic party. The purpose in
view is too plain to be misunderstood. He who
runs may read. When the hand of the assessin
struck down the President of the United States it
dealt a blow under which the people of the South
are yet staggering.

are yet staggering THE CHANGE OF POLICY THE CHANGE OF FOLICY

THE CHANGE OF FOLICY

THE CHANGE OF FOLICY

THE COUNTY AS UNIVERSALED IN THE CASE

WITHIN THE SET OF WEEK, SHOULD WARTH ALL LOVERS

OF GOOD GOVERNMENT TO BE VIGITARY AND ASSESSED TO THE WRITE PEOPLE OF SOUTH CAROLINA MUST AVOW THE PRINCIPLES OF THE BEAUTH OF THE SET OF THE S

our people are told that they must submit to

A RETURN TO RADICAL RULE.

or bear the persecution of officials who are aided by all of the power of the General Government. The time has come for an indignant people to rise in their might and protest syndist this unwarrantable invasion of their rights. If we fall in our duty our civilization will be lost. The foe and the stranger will again rule South Carolina. The oppression and the tyranny which marked the history of Republican rule in this State will again disgrace our civilization and bring disaster upon our people. In this situation of affairs no true son of the State can doubt as to his duty. Let us stand together as one man, and while confronting the common enemy preserve for ourselves and our posterity the peace, the justice, and the security which, under Democratic rule, all classes of our citizens have enjoyed since the grand revolution of 1876. They whose only offense is fieldly to the welfare of the State must not be permitted to suffer as criminals."

Livingstone are said to be under the care of a man named Edward M. Clifford, who is not a graduat named Edward M. Clifford, who is not a graduate of any medical school or college, and the author of the communication says: "I have personal knowledge of grave injury having resulted in one case, and am informed that like results were consequent in other cases." District Attorney Graham submitted the communication to Judge Allison, who decided that the subject was not one calling for the intervention of the grand jury, but that the citizen making the complaint would have to proceed, if at all, by individual prosecution against the proprietor of the asylum before a magistrate.

The Cloture Resolution. LONDON, March 30.—In the House of Commons to-night Mr. Gladstone, replying to a question, stated that arrears of rent under the land act would be a subject for consideration during the Easter recess. The debate on the Cloture resolution was resumed. Mr. John Bright arose to speak and was received with loud cheers from the Liberal benches. He said there could be no doubt that unless something was done to deliver the House from its difficulties it would stand before the counfrom its difficulties it would stand before the country as having neclected its duty. If the proposed resolution erred it was in not being sufficiently severe. He concluded with an appeal to the members generally to assist the government in the discharge of its duty. Mr. Sexton said he would rather his name go down to posterity with the names of base informers who had sworn away the lives of insocent Irishmen than with the names of Irish members voting with the government.

After speeches by Sir Stafford Northcote and Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Marriott's amendment was rejected by a vote of 31s to 279. Mr. Gladstone then noved an adjournment of the debate until Monday. The motion was carried.

Western Union and Mutnai Union. New York, March 30.—The Evening Post says on the sutherity of Mr. H. C. Fahnestock, vice-presilent of the First National Bank: "The repo Mutual Union telegraph stock are substantially correct, though no meeting for the election of correct, though no meeting for the election of a new board of directors has been called. That is not necessary, and it is possible that no change will be made in the board until the next annual meeting. When the new board is chosen the election will be harmonious. This new arrangement is simply a compact between the Western Union and Mutual Union Companies not to enter into a ruinous cutting of raise. Each company will act independently, and there will be no interference with the business of one company by the other."

Transgressors Hunted Down. ton cleared from here December 17 and salled for Galveston December 22. She eaught fire when twenty-five miles out, and returned and was beached on Dixie Island and totally consumed Pinkerton's detectives have been working on case ever since, and to-day arrested John W more, the master and part owner, who made a full confession or baving fired the brig, implicating Dr. E. C. Lyles, joint owner. Whitmore was placed in juli without ball. Lyles was arrested, waived examination, and gave bond to appear before the United States court. He denies complicity, and says he can prove bis innocence.

CUMBERLAND, MB., March 30.—It is reliably stated here to night that a secret conference was held in Baltimore to day between representatives of the coal companies and the miners. R. W. Price, the leader of the Knights of Labor, left this for Baltimore last night, along with the sident of the Blaen Avon Company. It not known whether the companies gave representatives a hearing or not, and the relation of the coal companies here are very reticent the subject.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Judge Bintchford, in the Inited States Circuit Court, has handed down a ecision in the patent case of Hos against Kahler estaining Hos's patent, holding that Kahler's to wapaper folding machine infringed it. This

THE WESTERN FLOODS.

Starving People-The Waters Receding-

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 31, 1882.

Government Rations. NATCHEZ, Miss., March 30.—The report tele-graphed last night of the destruction of Roiston's gin-house, with the loss of 120 lives, proves to be entirely unfounded, but as the letter containing the intelligence came from a reliable source it was taken for granted that the catastrophe had really occurred. The manager of the Reiston place is here, and says there is no truth whatever in the report, as he left the place yesterday. The weather is clear and pleasant. The river has fallen one inch in the last twenty-four hours. There is no change in the situation in the vicinity of Natthez. The steamer Cannon brought one hundred head of stock and a large number of refugees this morning, and the steamer Robstock brought seventy head of stock into crediting to this point. Officers of the Rebstock report the water felling slowly from St. Joseph four. taken for granted that the catastrophe had really

of the Rebsicek report the water side of the Rebsicek room.

The Secretary of War has directed that 20,000 rations be issued to commissioner James at Memphis and the same amount to Commissioner Pittmann at Tiptonville, Tenn, all for the benefit of the destitute in Tonnessee. He has also directed that the balance of rations at St. Louis, 90,00, be transferred to Commissioner Hentugway at Memphis for the benefit of the people of Mississippi.

trausferred to Commissioner Hemingway at Memphis for the benefit of the people of Mississippi.

The demand for supplies is increasing daily as the water continues to spread over the Grossette Atchafalaya and Bayou Teche sections. Along the Teche some thirty plantations are reported more or less damaged by backwater from Atchafalaya and Grand Lake.

The condition of affairs along the Atchafalaya is daily growing worse. Families are living on the levees, a narrow strip of land, with their cattle and poultry. Houses have been descrited, and for many miles the country is hidden beneath the waters, which have spread over everything. At Port Barry, on the Courtaolina, the water has fooded the warchouses, and is said to be two feet higher than ever before.

The river at Vicksburg has fallen an inch and a quarter in twenty-four hours. Nearly all the prominent landings about there are so far relieved from water as to allow boats to discharge from the effect of grants at different plantations above and below that point are received frow.

The Secretary of War telegraphs to the Governor that at his request the use of the United States barracks at Baton Rouge is given for thirty days for the bomeless people of the State.

The river at New Orleans is a foot below the high water of 1874.

KIRK AND HAMPTON.

A Letter Which the Former Wrote Creates a Commotion.

The following has been telegraphed from this

The following has been telegraphed from this city to several Southern journals:

It is stated here that there is trouble brewing between Senators Sherman and Hampton, and that the fatter will ask for a committee of investigation. The difficulty dates as far back as 1880, when a certain Charleston (S. C.) newspaper published a sourrilous article attacking the Demogratic Senator. Hawing satisfied bimself of Mr. Sherman's complicity, he sent him the significant words, "My address is Charleston, S. C." Only a few days ago the same newspaper reproduced the offensive article and Senator Hampton traced the matter to a clerk in the Treasury Department, who stated that he secured the publication at the request of Senator Sherman, and produced a letter in confirmation of his statement. Since that time Senator Hampton has taken occasion to publicly snub Senator Sherman, and it is painfully evident that the matter can only end by the appointment of a committee of investigation.

The elerk alluded to is Rollin H. Kirk, of South Carolina, who was interviewed last night by a

The elerk alluded to is Rollin H. Kirk, of South Carolina, who was interviewed last night by a REPUBLICAN reporter. Mr. Kirk said:

1 have received a number of messages from Senator Hampton to the effect that if I would furnish him a copy of the letter of Secretary Sherman he would withdraw all charges made against me at the Treasury Department. My reply was that I would sooner be diacharged than abuse the confidence reposed in me.

Relative to the original letter Mr. Kirk further said:

said:

In October, 1880, at the suggestion of Hon-John Shorman, then Secretary of the Treasury, I published in the Cincinnati Commercial of the 26th of October a statement covering the financial antecedents of Wade Hampton. The data upon which my letter was based was found in The NaTIONAL REPUBLICAN of the latter part of August, 1876. Those charges having gene unchallenged until October, 1880. I thought I might with propriety republish them for the edification of Western readers.

Trial of ex-Governor Moses, New York, March 30.—Ex-Governor Franklin G. Moses, of South Carolina, who was arrested yes-terday for swindling Freeborn G. Smith, a plano

Cladatone and Correlor LONDON, March 30.—In the House of Commons this evening, in answer to a question by Mr. Calthis evening, in answer to a question by Mr. Callan, Liberal member for Louth, as to whether the declaration in a recent speech by Mr. Courtney that the Irish should be permitted to legislate for themselves was an expression of the government's opinion, or whether the government intended to resort to stricter measures of coercion. Mr. Gladatone said that Mr. Courtney's speech contained an explanatory reference to county government, which reference Mr. Callan suppressed, but that Mr. Courtney did not go to the country as an exponent of the views of the government. The question of the coercion act would be considered when the time arose. The act would not expire until the end of September.

CAPITAL JOTTINGS.

L. R. MILLER, of Philadelphia, is a guest at the National.
C. H. Walte, of New York, is sojourning at the National.
Hon. N. Gopp. jr., of West Virginia, has pariors at the National.
Colonel. L. W. Humphiney, of North Carolina, is

at the National.

Jupun T. H. Fonn and wife, of Concord. N. H. are at the Riggs House.

CHARLES R. JANNEY, a resident of the Old Do-

CHARLES R. JANNEY, a resident of the Old Do-mizlon, tarries at the National.

THE wife and daughter of Colonel Joe Rickey ar-rived at Willard's from Fulton, Mo., yesterday,
B. Schaarz, the prominent jeweler of Buffalo,
N. Y., and his bride have parlors at the Riggs House,
THE President has withdrawn the nomination of Stephen D. Eldridge as postmaster for Weedsport,
N. Y.

MACHER has returned to his post at Marac

SENATOR LOGAN has had another attack of theu

Yesterday.

JOHN A. FLACK, Thomas Castigan, and Martin B.

Williard's.

A. Newton Locke, president of the Glen's Palis (N. Y.) Insurance Company, is solourning at the Riggs House.

Ex-Consul. To Cork E. P. Brooks left the city last evening for Peoria, Ill., where he takes charge of the Paily Primesering, of that city.

Governon Challess C. Van Zandt, of Bhode Island, and Hou Joseph Mason, of Hamilton, N. Y., have marlors at the Riggs House. have pariors at the Biggs House.

Jupus Firzhvers, of Pittsburg, is at the Arlington

JUDGE FITSHORM, OF PURDUR, is at the Arington. He is a member of the well-known firm of Shoen-berger & Co., from and steel manufacturers.

BENAVOR E. H. ROLLINS is erecting a costly twenty-six-room bouse for a summer residence on the site of the recently-burned old homestead in Rollinsford, N. H.

Himford, N. H.

Amono the prominent arrivals at the National are
M. Glesson, Philadelphia: J. H. Capers, Richmond,
Va., B. E. Grafton, W. E. Wright, and Colonel James
W. Mills. New York.

BENATOR JOHN A. LOGAN has been seriously ill,
and to morrow will be removed to the Arkansas Hot
Springs. Senator Logan has been treated by the physicians for Bright's disease of the Kidneys.

THE Unity Club will meet to-night at Colonel N.
W. Fitzgeraid's, 185 K street. Colonel I. E. Tichenor
will read a paper on "The Clip Within the Golden.

will read a paper on "The City Within the Golden Gate," which will be followed by music recita-tions, &c. F. P. Bucoks, United States count at Cork, now Transcript.

Bunitamin F. Buttism, of Massachusetts, was in biacity on Puseday, and spent the day in receiving callers. Mr. Butter is now in the budding state, and a liable to biseom on at any moment as a guberna-orial candidate.—New York Tribune.

suit has been in the United States courts for several years, and the decision just given renders many newspaper offices that use web newspaper prosess, with Kalley's folder attached, liable to injunction and damages:

Baltimone, March 30.—The jury in the case of Richard Moore, tried for the homicide of Captain Richard Moore, tried for the following the matter are expected in a few days.

Mr. America William Paris Indiana Paris of the homicide of Captain Richard Moore, tried for the homicide of Captain Richard Ri

LOCAL GLEANINGS

BY "THE REPUBLICAN'S" REPORTERS

The District Commissioners Visit to Guiteau-In toxicated Indians-A Pensioner Robbed-An Official Call at the Navy-Yard-Land-League Matters.

Special License Agent Henry Raff will to-day take out warrants against the fallowing livery-stable keepers: L. J. Collins, H. J. Hoyle, T. W. McElry, Wash Natlor, H. B. Otterback, J. W. Pum-phrey, and Hugh Quigley.

Froposals will be received at the office of the Building Inspector for the reconstruction of the Jufferson School building from to-day until the 5th received.

5th proximo. Building permits were issued yesterday to John

Jefferson School building from to-day until the 5th proximo.

Building permits were issued yesterday to John A. Schnopp, Jr., to make repairs at \$20 Pour-and-a-half street southwest, to cost \$20. G. W. Murphy, to build summer kitchen, at 1211 Fourth street southwest, to cost \$20. G. W. Murphy, to build summer kitchen, at 1211 Fourth street southwest, to cost \$20.500. Means, to build a brick stable in alley between Rhodo Island avenue and Ostreat and Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets northwest, to cost \$25.500. Means, Mathiason & Simmons, to make repairs at Eleventh and E streets northwest, to cost \$25.100. L. Anderson, to erect a brick dwelling at Sixteenth and E streets, to cost \$25.100.

Warren Choate and a delegation of the new Electric Hight Company asked permission of the Commissioners to creet wires on the following streets: On D street, from Seventh to Tenth; E, from Pennsylvania avenue to E street; Fifteenth, from Pennsylvania avenue to E street; Fifteenth, from Pennsylvania avenue to E street; Fifteenth, from Pennsylvania avenue to E street; Fifteenth street, all northwest. The station is to be the Post building. The request was referred to the Engineer's Department.

In reply to a protest of a gentleman against the paving of alley in square 220, between Thirteenth, Fouriernth, Riggs, and S streets, under date of the 20th instant, the Commissioners say: "A part of the cost in paid for by parties interested in the Improvement, who petitioned for it. If the parties protesting against it do not wish to pay their share of the cost in paid for by parties interested in the Improvement, who proposed for the cost station houses and a fire-engine house in Georgetown as done should be put into force by the Commissioners as soon as possible.

The congressional act finally passed this week, authorizing the Commissioners of the District to sell this old Central Guard-House and certain othe

The hall of the Carroll Institute, 921 G street northwest, was well filled last evening, the occa-sion being one of unusual interest. A number of sion being one of unusual interest. A number of new members were elected, and several names presented for membership. The following gentlemen were elected as delegates to to represent the Institute at the convention of the C.Y. M. N. U. in Boston, May 10 and 11: Messrs. Edmond Mallet, D. I. Murnhy, and F. N. Devereux, Messrs. John Bimbam, John T. Fallon, and John Harley were elected alternates. After the election are excellent programme of musical and literary exercises was presented, embracing a selection from Lougfellow, by Br. T. R. McArdle; "Dow's Flats," from Mark Twain, by Mr. T. J. Bigglins, and the reading of the "Black Vell," from Dickens, by Mr. D. I. Murphy. The musical portion of the programme was most acceptably filled by Professor Lawrence, Messrs. Shorb and Caldwell. These weekly meetings of the Institute are becoming deservedly popular, and are adding many new members to the rolls.

We finding the sum of the state will be stated that the state of the State must not be permitted to suffer as criminals.

Action in the State Senate Vesterday—Maliread Statters.

Remove, V., March 30.—The bill reducing the abourd a barge, which flowed the barge to the shore one mile believe was defeated in the senate to-day by a vote of the control of the state of the state of the state of the state must not be permitted to suffer as criminals.

Action in the State Senate Vesterday—Maliread Statters.

Remove, V., March 30.—The bill reducing the abourd a barge, which stowed the barge to the shore one mile believe was defeated in the senate to-day by a vote of the control of the state from eighteen to the low the city. It is estimated that the senate to-day by a vote of the state must not be permitted to suffer as criminals.

Action in the State Senate Vesterday—Maliread Statters.

Remove, V., March 30.—The bill reducing the disaster, but at present no additional news can be learned. Robert Kelley, second engineer, and three roustabouts are the only members of the boat's crew that are known to be lost. John Limb, second cook; Mart Whalen, mess-room tender; John Hill, second material to the Warchouse Company at a meeting to-day. The secondary of the State must not be permitted to suffer a criminals.

A Private Lunatic Asylum.

Phil. Application of the State must not be permitted to suffer a criminals.

Brandson, V.a., March 30.—District Attorney for the information of the grand jury, setting forth that a private form the Gagar W Growell, of 199 Benodaway, was taken and the Gagar W Growell, of 199 Benodaway, was taken and the Gagar W Growell, of 199 Benodaway, was taken and the Gagar W Growell, of 199 Benodaway, was taken and the Gagar W Growell, of 199 Benodaway, was taken and the Gagar W Growell, of 199 Benodaway, was taken and the Gagar W Growell, of 199 Benodaway, was taken and in the pariors of the note: In the most charming style, and to-day they will visit the Bureau of En-graving, the Agricultural Department, Smithson-ian and Museum, where arrangements have been made by Professors Goede, Baird, Taylor, and Gore, to show them all the curioatties here.

Land League Matters.

The John Dillon Branch of the Land League held its regular monthly meeting last night at thea's Hall. A remittance of \$50 was ordered to be Shear Mall. A remittance of \$50 was ordered to be made to Rev. Father Walsh, treasurer of the League, for the credit of the guarantee fund. The resigna-tion of the highly-esteemed treasurer of the Brauch, Mr. D. A. Brosnan, on account of ill-health, was reluctantly accepted, and the Branch tendered him a vote of thanks for his energetic tendered him a vote of thanks for his energetic and disinferested services in the cause. John M. Keoph was elected delegate to represent the Branch at the convention which is to meet in this city on the 12th and 12th of April fext, and a committee was appointed to aid in the reception of delegates to that convention from other cities. Reports from members of the ball committee indicate a large sale of tickets and promise a successful satiertainment.

An Bighty-Year-Old Pensioner Robbed.
In the Police Court yesterday George Wilmott (alias Robey) was charged with a second offense of petit larceny, and in default of \$500 bonds com-mitted to await the action of the grand jury. Au aged pensioner named Robott Mallon came here from the Soldiers' Home at Hampton, Ve., to draw some pension money, and on Wednesday hight from the Soldiers' Home at Hampton, Vs., to draw some pension money, and on Wednesday night took ledgings at a house on First street. There were three other men besides himself in the room. While he was asleep he felt some one trying to remove his vest, which contained his money, from under his pillow, and getting up found that a \$20 gold piece had been abstracted. A policeman was sent for, who found the money concenied under Robey's mattress. Robey is an old offender, and has already served two terms.

Hop. A. H. Stephens Visita Guiteau. Yesterday the Hon, Alexander H. Stephens, who had never before seen Guiteau, expressed a desire to see the assassin and was driven out to the jail. He was carried in his chair into the warden's parlor, where the prisoner was brought in, and quite a lengthy conversation took place between them. Despite his confinement duitant looks and seems to be in perfect health and spirits. He has gained twenty pounds and isas fat and olump as a spring chicken. He wars a good suit of clothes and looks better now than he probably ever has before at any time time in his eventful career. to see the assassin and was driven out to the fail A Visit to the Navy-Yard.

Commodors T. D. Wilson, Chief Constructor of the Navy, made an official visit to the Washington Navy-Yard yesterday, and was received at the main gate by the marine guard and the in-aline of eleven guns. He made a thorough spection of the several shops of the construc-department. Mr. Wilson is one of the most complished constructors in the corps, and neld in high esteem when he was attacted to navy-yard in this city, about cleven years aim mys the police interrupted a secret meeting of Socialists and arrested twenty-seven. Intoxicated Indians.

Officials of the Indian Bureau state that several numbers of the Indian delegation now in this ity have been entitled into liquor saloous and slied with liquor. Section 2139 of the Revised statutes especially forbids the sale of intoxication trinks to Indians under heavy penalty, and it is the infention of the Indian Bureau to prosecute the dealers who have been guilty of selling them iquor, under this section. Beath at Willard's Hotel.

Mrs. Tebbetts, the wife of Judge Horace B. Teb-cts, of New York, died at Willard's Hotel yesterday afternoon of pheatmonia. Mrs. Tebbetta, who was an elderly lady, had been in failing besith formans time. She was going with her hunband to Florida, but caught a severe cold, which developed into the flaid disease. Her bedy will be carried to New York for interment to-night.

INDIAN ESTIMATES.

Why Commissioner Price Should Be Sustained in His Wants.

Indian Commissioner Price, whom all admit is one of the best officials ever at the head of the Indian Bureau, is meeting with the usual ob-structions against his estimates for the coming fiscal year. Mr. Beck, in the Senate on Wednesfiscal year. Mr. Beck, in the Senate on Wednesday, paid Mr. Price the following compliment:

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs, my friend
Prisc, writes me a letter, thinking I made some
remarks that I ought not to have made relative to
the demands of his Department. I do not want to reply to his letter formally, and I rise now tensy that
I was the furthest thing from my thoughts to refiect on him. I have voted for all the amendments to this bill, or nearly all of them, principaily on the ground that Mr. Price, the present
Commissioner of Indian Affairs, with whom
I served in the House, is a man
who can be trusted with anything;
and whatever fregularities may have
occurred before he came there, whatever-contracts
may have been made that were improvident, I
think they were made before he knew anything
shoul them. I have sistained the Department in
all the amendments they asked, and all the appropriations they said were wanted, in very great
mit because of the commissioner of Indian Affairs. If
he supposes I meant to make any suggestion that
looked in the direction of reflecting on him in any
remarks I may have made about a deficiency of
\$50,000 to feed the Navajocs, or the Apaches, or any
other tribe, he is mistaken. At any rate, I want
mow to assire the Seniste and to assure the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, that I meant no such
thing, but just the reverse. There is no offace of
the Government in whose integrity and desire to
do right I have more confidence than the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. That is no offace of
the Government in whose integrity and desire to
do right I have more confidence than the Comday, paid Mr. Price the following compliment:

The Blue Anchor. Never, perhaps, since the days of the sanitary commission have women been called on to enlist in a work of greater magnitude than that proposed by the Women's National Relief Association when It organized a year and a half ago. And seldom if ever has any similar society more amply proven its credentials in so short a time than has this. if ever has any similar society more amply proven its credentials in se short a time than has this. Over seventy of the Life-saving stations have been provided with abundant present requisites for the care of those rescued from shipwreck, and the enterprise of supplying the Marine Hospitals with clothing for needy sailors on their disclarge from hospitals has been communed. Several thousands of dollars worth of relief was sent by the New York auxiliary alone to the Michigan conflagration sufferers last year, and since the first week in March the association has been energetically engaged in collecting rollef for the sufferers by the Southern flood. The action of the District auxiliary in coming forward at this time to assist in the noble enterprise inaugurated by Mrs. Chief-Justice Waite is likely to result in a grand success. The donation party and promonade concert to be held at Willard Hall to-morrow evening is under such auspices as must result favorably. Mrs. Waite, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Mathews, Mrs. Hagner, Mrs. Window, Mrs. Pendleton, Mrs. Hawler, Mrs. Money, Mrs. Van Voortes, Mrs. Sherrill, Mrs. Elimunis, Mrs. C. E. Fisher, and Mrs. Horntle Kling sre on the reception committee, besides a numiser of other prominent ladies. There will be doubtless a brilliant gathering.

The American Hog.
Secretary Frelinghuysen, in order to facilitate avorable setion on the bill then pending in the French Chambers for the revocation of the decree prohibiting the importation of our pork, tele-graphed to Minister Morton on the 22d instant as

graphed to Minister Morton on the 22d instant as follows:

Health officer of Cheinnali certifies that records of that city, the centre of our it trade, do not show a single case of trichinosis. Dr. Hanch, secretary of the health board of Illinois, reports only eleven deaths from trichinosis in the whole state in sixteen years, traced in each case to eating raw pork. City physician of Chicago states records show only two cases there in four years, also due to calling raw pork. The places mentioned are the great pork-producing and consuming districts of the United States, while the whole cuttiffy consumes more pork per capita than any other consumes more pork per capita than any other consumes. country consumes more pork per capita than any other country.

The Secretary has received from Mr. Morton the two following telegrams:

wo following telegrams:

Paris, March 28, 1822

Pork bill, with microscopic ameniment, passes

chambers. Vote on amendment, 26 ayes, 26 moss.

MORTON.

The Case of Dr. Lamson.

It is understood that the Attorney-General in giving an opinion on the case of Dr. Lamson, now indersentence of death in England, in which the

interference of the United States is asked, said that the papers show that the accused is believed to be insone and has hereditary insanity in his blood, because it is reported that some of his kins cused of murdering died of an overdose of that poison given by the defendant, and it is said that it can be proved it was given to him in accordance with Lamson's practice, and in good faith that it would prove beneficial. These facts were not properly presented to the jury, or a different verdet might have been the result. Mr. Hrewster is said to hold that the establishment of these facts, if proved, might indicate an error of judgment, rather than a criminal intent, and he recommends that the President grant the request of the citizens of New York and isk for the reprieve of the prisoner until these facts can be properly investigated.

The Killing of Father McCarty. Boston, March 30,-To-day was the closing day of the trial of David McMillen for killing Fathe McCarty. McMillen testified in his own behalf detailing the story of the shooting, and the causes leading to it, as previously published. He said he could only say be fired to stop his pursuers. Fathers McCarty and Furcell, who were enraged, and atmost upon him; that he did not even look around when firing, and had no intention whatever of killing any one, but only wanted to get away. The case was given to the jury at five p. m.

Los pon, March 30.—The rowing match between Gibson and Gookin took place to-day over the Gibnon and Gookin took place to-day over the Thames champlonship course, and was won by the former by three lengths. Gibson took the lead at the start, but at Hammersmith Bridge Gookin was ahead. He soon, however, appeared to tire, and lost his lead, but rowed a good stern race to the finish. The weather was fine and the attendance of spectators good. The betting before the start was even.

Hantan and Boyd Spinning. Newcastle, March 30.—This morning Hanlan went over the championship course and returned at full speed over the whole distance. Boyd rowed strongly a distance of four miles. In tafternoon Boyd did a trial mile and a half at top of his speed. Hanina, with Godwin, wen Newburn, rowing back strongly and in grasatyle at the rate of thirty strokes to the minute.

Minister Sargent Bonored. EAN PRANCUCO, March 30.—Ex-Senstor A. A. Sar gent, the newly-appointed Minister to Berlin, wa given a splendid beinquet to-night at the Palac Hotel by a large number of the necchants and pro-fessional men of the city. Several hundred guest were present, including the resident canada, vice fessional men of the end were present, including the resident consuls, vice consuls, and leading representatives of other gov Garlbaldi and the Papacy.

LONDON, March 31.—A dispatch from Palermo, says: "General Garibaldi has written a letter to he people of Palermo reminding them that to them belongs as masters of the art of expelling tyrants, the initiative of expelling from Italy the prop of all tyranny, the Papacy."

A Victory for the Women.

Boston, March 20.—The house committee on woman's suffrage to day reported a bill allowing women to vote for presidential electors.

Arthur Herbert, an active anti-Leaguer, was ab Castle Island petty sessions.

A dispatch from Berlin to the London Daily News

In the House of Assembly at Cape Town yeaterda. it was unanimously resolved to permit fre use of the Dutch language in the debates in the House. It is stated that warrants are out against six mem

ors of Parliament, none of whom, consequently, will visit Ireland during the parliamentary recess. A serious atrike has occurred in Barcelona and shier towns opposed to a reform of the tariff, and the cortations and mith have been closed. In Barce-ona, there have been filty arrests. A dispatch from Cologue to the St. James G.

CAPITOL CHIPS

AND DEPARTMENTAL SHAVINGS.

Action Refers the Senate and House Committee Yesterday-Important Bills Resulting the Attention of Congress-Movements to the Various Departments.

A bill was introduced in the Senate yesterday by Mr. Williams to probibit the importation of neat cattle from the Dominion of Canada. neat cattle from the Dominion of Canada.

Reports have been prevalent during the past few days that President Arthur will veto the anti-Chinese bill. It is said that Attorney-General Rewater and Senater John A. Legan told a Western newspaper correspondent yesterday evening that the bill would be signed.

The Senate Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads yesterday discussed without action the bill which provides for the navenant of our bell.

which provides for the payment of and before claims of Southern mail contrastors. The bill proposes an appropriation of \$555,000 Ser. this purpose, but the Post-Office Department estimates that the outstanding claims will aggregate double that sum.

Senator Conger introduced a resolution in the Senator Conger introduced a resolution in the Senate yesterday, which was passed by a unantmous vote, directing the Military Affairs Committes to investigate the reason for closing all the ontrances to the Soldiers' Home except the Eagle
gate, the one farthest from the city. Wheever ordered these gates closed should be censured, for
there surely can be no good reason for it.

By unanimous consent, Representative Updegraff, from the committee on law respecting election of President and Vice-President, introduced

tion of President and Vice-President, introduced a bill in the House yesterday, which was ordered to be printed and recommitted to the committee. The bill is entitled. "An actio carry into effect the provisions of the Constitution respecting the election of President and Vice-President," and it is a substitute for the bill introduced some weeks since by Representative Hewitt.

Mr. J. Files Foster the election towa laws a

Mrs. J. Ellen Foater, the eloquent Iowa lawyer, in behalf of the National Woman's Christian Tem-perance Union, and Mr. A. M. Powell, of the Naional Temperance Advocate (New York), in behalf of the National Temperance Society, will address
the Schate and House Committees on Education
and Lator, in Joint session, in the room of the
Senate committee to day at ten a. m., in opposition to Senator Logan's bill to constitute the
whisky revenue a national educational fund.

The House Committee on the District of Columbia, of which Representative Allen, of Miscourt is a nomber adopted a security of condsouri, is a member, adopted a resolution of condo-

souri, is a member, adopted a resolution of conde-lence yesterday morning, which will be properly an-grossed and forwarded to the sick Ongressman. The members of the committee take this method of expressing their regrets in regard to his long and tections illness—not being able to call on him personally. The committee also decided to take up the bill providing for the reclamation of the Potomac flats at its meeting on Monday next. The House yesterday, on motion of Hon. Jay A. Hubbell, of Michigan, increased the number of conies of the Consus Report on statistics of nouscopies of the Consus Report on statistics of population by States, counties, &c., from 55,000, as recommended by the Printing Committee, to 90,000, of ommended by the Printing Committee, to 20,000, of which the Senate will get 15,000 and the Secretary of the Interior 5,000. Each member of the House will receive 240 copies. In advocating the increase Mr. Hubbell stated that there was an unusually large demand for this volume from all over the country, and that Congress ought to give the information it contained to the people, as there never was a census taken before in which the people took so much interest.

Secretary Kirkwood had another conference vestering with the Sac Fox, and Iowa delegation

yesterday with the Sac, Fox, and Iowa delegation at the Interior Department. These Indians have come here at their own expense to consult with the Secretary as to the advisability of removing from their present reservation in Nebraska and from their present reservation in Nebraska and settling on lands in the Indian Territory. There appeared to be a difference of opinion among the Indians on this subject, some expressing a desire to go to the Territory and others to settle down on lands to be allusted to them in severally on their present reservation. The Indians finally decided to go house and send a delegation to the Indian Territory to agree mon suitable lands there and report to the tribes for their decision.

The Third Assistant Postmaster-General has given notice that the Department will commence the issue on the 10th day of April next of a new

the issue on the 10th day of April next of a new postage stamp of the denomination of five cents and of the following general description. On a tablet is suspended an incised abield decocated tablet is suspended an incised shield decerated with an oval of pearls, forming a frame-work to the portrait of the late President of the United States, James Abram Garfield, looking toward the left, engraved in line. At the base of the oval is a dark, six-nointed star, relieved by a white outline, and in the centre the figure "5," Disposed on the right and left of the star flows a ribbon containing the legend, "Five Cents," in white Roman capitals. Below the star and ribbon, on the lower portion of the tablet, appear the words "United States Postage," orgraved in dark letters. The color of the stamp is chocolate brown.

The House Committee on Commerce yesterday heard the conclusion of Representative Reprare

heard the conclusion of Representative bill. At the conclusion of his argument Judge Resgan submitted the following: "Resolvat, That it is the sense of this committee that some measure relating to interstate commerce shall be adopted by this committee and reported to the House at the earliest practicable moment after the river and harbor bill shall have been reported to the House." The resolution was unnimously adopted. It was then decided to lay aside the various interstate commerce bills, for the purpose of proceeding with the consideration of the river and harbor appropriation bill. A motion was adopted providing that after the river and harbor bill is completed Mr. Stoughton shall be given fifteen minutes to present signment in regard to the proposed improvement of the Harlem River. Captain Leathers will be heard by the committee for fifteen minutes to-day on the subject of Mississippi River improvements.

A week age the New York delegation held a

A week ago the New York delegation held a meeting to draw up a bill to device plans by which pauper and criminal immigration might be restricted, and to propose means by which the indigent emigrants might be cared for upon their arrival in New York. Representatives Van Voorhis and Hewitt were selected to draw up such a bill as would cover the points in question, and Mr. Van Voorhis is now engaged upon drafting a measure which will accomplish the purpose. The bill will be introduced on Tuesday, and will provide that owners of ships shall pay to the Government a fee of lifty cents for each emigrant their vessels bring over, and that the amount so secured shall be turned into the Treasury and be disbursed for the benefit of such emigrants who arrive at Castle Garden in a destitute condition. The bill will also provide that consuls at the ports whome emigrant-carrying vessels sail shall, upon departure of beats upon which paupers or extininals have sailed, send information to the State Department which will enable it to put the authorities in New York or elsewhere upon the lookout for such visitors. migration might be restricted, and to propose

This President has approved the act granting a pension to Samuel Pollock.

Secuserant Foloam has left the city for a few days, and Assistant Secretary French is acting in his absence. Secretary Folger is expected to return on Monday next.

the Court of Claims.

Repulsenvative Romeson called upon the President yesterday in company with John Pone Hodnett, of the Labor Lengue, and had a short conference on the lator question, as well as the alleged illegal imprisonment of Irish Americans by the British government.

The special committee appointed to examine into the general question as to the best mode of obtaining surplies for the dovernment held as adjourned meeting at the freezenty Department yesterday alternoon and adopted a report tooking to further legislation on the subject by Congress.

The Socretary of State has telegraphed to Min-

yesterday afternoofi and adopted a report tooking to further legislation on the subject by Congress.

This Secretary of State has telegraphed to Minister Lowell, at London, to apply for a delay in the execution of the sontonice of death in the case of Dr. Lamson until the arrival of documentary evidence from this country tending to show tonanity on the part of the prisoner and an absence of eriminal intent in the offense of which he was convicted. This action on the part of the Freshdent was based on an opinion by Attorney General Brewster that this man was a proper case for Executive interference.

Assistants Experiant New entered upon his duties in the Treasury Department under very fuverable anspices. Having once teen an officer of the department, he was not only well acquainted with the working of every part of it, but has also a personal acquaintance with the heads of the several bureaux, and is also very popular with them. His courtesy and remain manner are in such marked contrast with the manner of his predecessor that every one having business with him remarks upon it.—Washington Lovrepowdence fadicingolds Josephil.

The Search for De Long.

The Scarch for De Long

Secretary Hunt received dispatches yesterday from Licetenant Harber, at Irkuisk, in which be states that Shmotin, the owner of the steamer Lenn, demands the charter money of \$0,000 paper roubles for the ateamer from June 27 to September 17 at the signing of the contract. He considers Shreetin unreliable, and does not recommend the A dispatch from Cologne to the St. James Gussite sky that the first the firs